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(18) Then along the Rancho Catacula boundary in a northwesterly direction approximately 5,350 feet to a northernmost corner of Rancho Catacula, the beginning point on the St. Helena quadrangle map a the northernmost corner of Rancho Catacula in Section 34, T9N, R5W, MDBM.

[T.D. ATF-408, 64 FR 7787, Feb. 17, 1999]

§ 9.155 Texas Davis Mountains.

- (a) *Name.* The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Texas Davis Mountains."
- (b) Approved map. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Texas Davis Mountains viticultural area are two U.S.G.S. metric topographical maps of the 1:100 000 scale, titled:
 - (1) "Fort Davis, Texas," 1985.
- (2) "Mount Livermore, Texas—Chihuahua," 1985.
- (c) *Boundary*. The Texas Davis Mountains viticultural area is located in Jeff Davis County, Texas. The boundary is as follows:
- (1) The beginning point is the intersection of Texas Highway 17 and Farm Road 1832 on the Fort Davis, Texas, U.S.G.S. map;
- (2) From the beginning point, the boundary follows Highway 17 in a southeasterly and then southwesterly direction until it reaches the intersection of Limpia Creek with the unnamed stream which flows through Grapevine Canyon on the Fort Davis, Texas, U.S.G.S. map;
- (3) The boundary then proceeds in a straight line in a southwesterly direction until it meets Highway 118 at a gravel pit 1¾ miles southeast of the intersection of Highway 118 and Highway 17;
- (4) The boundary then proceeds in a straight line east by southeast until it meets Highway 166 at its junction with Highway 17;
- (5) The boundary then follows Highway 166 in a southwesterly direction onto the Mt. Livermore, Texas-Chihuahua, U.S.G.S. map;
- (6) The boundary then continues to follow Highway 166 in a westerly direction;
- (7) The boundary then continues to follow Highway 166 as it turns in a northerly and then northeasterly direc-

tion to the point where it meets Highway 118;

- (8) The boundary then follows Highway 118 in a northerly direction until it reaches a point where it intersects with the 1600 meter contour line, just north of Robbers Roost Canyon;
- (9) The boundary then proceeds in a straight line due east for about two miles until it reaches the 1600 meter contour line to the west of Friend Mountain;
- (10) The boundary then follows the 1600 meter contour line in a northeasterly direction until it reaches the northernmost point of Friend Mountain:
- (11) The boundary then diverges from the contour line and proceeds in a straight line east-southeast until it reaches the beginning point of Buckley Canyon, approximately three fifths of a mile:
- (12) The boundary then follows Buckley Canyon in an easterly direction to the point where it meets Cherry Canyon;
- (13) The boundary then follows Cherry Canyon in a northeasterly direction to the point where it meets Grapevine Canyon on the Mt. Livermore, Texas-Chihuahua, U.S.G.S. map;
- (14) The boundary then proceeds in a straight line from the intersection of Cherry and Grapevine Canyons to the peak of Bear Cave Mountain, on the Fort Davis, Texas, U.S.G.S. map;
- (15) The boundary then proceeds in a straight line from the peak of Bear Cave Mountain to the point where Farm Road 1832 begins;
- (16) The boundary then follows Farm Road 1832 back to its intersection with Texas Highway 17, at the point of beginning.

[T.D. ATF-395, 63 FR 11828, Mar. 11, 1998]

§ 9.156 Diablo Grande.

- (a) *Name.* The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Diablo Grande".
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Diablo Grande viticultural area are the following four U.S.G.S. Quadrangle 7.5 Minute Series (Topographic) maps. They are titled:
- (1) Patterson Quadrangle, California—Stanislaus Co., 1953